# M3D-C1 ZOOM Meeting

05/17/2021

Announcements:

CS Issues

- 1. GPU solve status
- 2. Mesh adaptation update
- 3. DREAM code installed on stellar.pppl.gov
- 4. stellar .Princeton.edu -- range of solve times
- 5. NERSC Time
- 6. Changes to github master since last meeting DIII
- 7. Regression tests

**Physics Studies** 

- 1. SPI simulations of Ohmic JET plasma, for EPS poster Oliver Bardsley
- 2. DIII-D shot 177053 with Argon Chen Zhao
- 3. DIII-D shot 178665 (proposed by Carlos Paz-Soldan)
- 4. Effect of resistive wall on the thermal quench in DIII-D 154576 Strauss
- 5. 2D ITER modeling of SPI Brendan Lyons
- 6. Other

## In attendance

Steve Jardin Jin Chen Nate Ferraro Hank Strauss Usman Riaz Adelle Wright Chang Liu **Brendan Lyons** Cesar Clauser Yao Zhou Chen Zhao **Oliver Bardsley** Mark Shephard Andreas Kleiner

## Announcements

- Cori down May 19-20
- PPPL Theory Meeting Monday May 24 3:00 on data management
- TSDW meeting July 19-23
  - Abstracts due June 14
- SciDAC PI meeting July 27-29
- APS Nov 8-12
  - APS Invited Talk nominations due 5/26
  - Abstracts submitted 5/26 7/15
- Dara Lewis sent request for grad-students projects/thesis

## **GPU Solve status**

Sherry Li set up a zoom meeting with Barry Smith (head of PETSc) to discuss detailed timing log from traverse M3DC1 3D run using PETSC GPU solves

This was held 4/27/21 at 4:30 PM ET

Much of the discussion had to do with saving some of the symbolic data structure information and reusing it. Jin Chen to do some tests.



# From Jin 5/12/21

total run: 3 time steps

case 1, 2, 3, 4: create mat and destroy it at each time step

case 1.1, 2.1, 3.1, 4.1: create mat at the 1st time step and zero it thereafter so that its structure is reused.

1 MatSolve 308 1.0 7.8213e+00 1.0 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 31 1.1 MatSolve 352 1.0 8.9194e+00 1.0 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 52

-mat\_superlu\_dist\_rowperm norowperm

2 MatSolve 308 1.0 8.7347e+00 1.1 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 32 2.1 MatSolve 352 1.0 9.1180e+00 1.0 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 55

-mat\_superlu\_dist\_fact SamePattern\_SameRowPerm 3. MatSolve 308 1.0 8.9063e+00 1.1 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 0 28 3.1 MatSolve 352 1.0 8.9836e+00 1.0 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 51

-mat\_superlu\_dist\_fact SamePattern

4. MatSolve 308 1.0 7.8210e+00 1.0 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 31 4.1 MatSolve 352 1.0 8.9000e+00 1.0 0.00e+00 0.0 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 0.0e+00 1 0 0 0 51

It's more time consuming because more iterations are needed when the preconditioner becomes less efficient at the reuse time steps.

# **Mesh Adaptation Update**

RPI? Brendan Lyons ?

# **DREAM code installed on stellar**

- Installed by Jin Chen on 4/30/21
- Sample cases ?



# stellar.pppl.gov

Solve time varies by over a factor of 2 when # of iterations doesn't change.

This is using mumps for the preconditioner

/scratch/gpfs/sjardin/3D-2F2



# stellar.pppl.gov

Solve time varies by over a factor of 2 when # of iterations doesn't change.

This is using mumps for the preconditioner

/projects/M3DC1/chenzhao/177053\_test

# stellar.princeton.edu



Switch from mumps to SuperLU\_dist

#### 2D (real) runs with 96p

#### Beginning of restart.

Solve time varies between 12-16 s

#### End of plot range

Solve time varies between 13-21s

#### NOT SHOWN:

Just before mpi crash, solve time increases to 86 s

mumps runs often end in NaN, although it may be possible to eliminate these with more frequent output cycles (every 100 instead of every 500)

# **NERSC** Time

mp288



- mp288 received 10M Hrs for CY 2021
- Initial allocation exhausted by May 1
- Jardin contacted John Mandrekas (DOE) who added 5M Hrs additional
- More time may be possible if this is exhausted
- Pearlmutter time will not be charged for this FY

# **Changes to github master since 04/26**

- Brendan Lyons:
  - **04/26/21:** New KPRAD cutoff options (#35)
    - New option for turning off KPRAD radiation & ionization, but not recombination, below minimum ne & Te
    - Change where kprad\_nemin and kprad\_temin get unnormalized for ikprad\_min\_option=2
    - Add ikprad\_min\_option=3 which also turns off radiation
    - Prevent frequent allocation within KPRAD subroutine
  - **05/04/21:** Get plane locations in IDL directly from mesh if available
- Jin Chen
  - **04/28/21**: add Stage Profiling for velocity equation s1\_mat
- Andreas Kleiner
  - **05/04/21:** Enabled a2cc to write coil currents from MAST a-files

## Local Systems

- PPPL centos7(05/16/21)
  - 6 regression tests **PASSED** on centos7:
- PPPL greene (05/16/21)
  - 5 regression tests PASSED
- STELLAR (05/16/21)
  - 6 regression tests PASSED on stellar
- TRAVERSE(03/29/21)
  - Code compiles
  - Regression test failed: split\_smb not found in PATH

# **Other Systems**

- Cori-KNL (2/08/2021)
  - 6 regression tests passed on KNL
- Cori-Haswell (2/08/2021)
  - 5 regression tests passed
  - KPRAD\_RESTART did not pass, but differences are very small in velocity variables.
     All magnetic and thermal good. Similar difference as Cori-KNL
  - RMP\_nonlin initially failed ...: There was an error in partitioning the mesh, but passed on resubmission
- PERSEUS
  - All 6 regression tests PASSED on perseus (J. Chen, 9/04/20)
- MARCONI
  - All regression tests PASSED on MARCONI (J. Chen, 9/04/20)
- CORI GPU (10/26)
  - ??

#### SPI simulations of Ohmic JET plasma, for EPS poster – Oliver Bardsley 17.5.21





# **DIII-D shot 177053 with Argon**



- eta \* J larger near pellet as eta increases rapidly and J changes only slowly
- Chen was getting negative temperatures, but lowered timestep and now seems ok
- Might check kprad parameters with Brendan

Eta \* J

 $J_RA$ 





T\_e

J\_phi



# **DIII-D RE generation with Ar shot 178665**



Carlos suggested this shot:

<ne>, Te(r,t), IP(t), AR-1 (R,Z,t)

Eric Hollman studied this shot in detail in an upcoming paper so we may want to write to him

# **DIII-D Thermal Quench Shot 154576**

- Brendan has set up mesh, obtained equilibrium at time 3.354 and given to Hank
- /p/tsc/blyons/M3D-C1/data/OMFIT/DIIID/154576/03354\_945/hs2/rw1\_equil

# **2D ITER modeling of SPI**

- I've recently started some 2D ITER modeling of SPI and I'm getting a weird result.
- The attached video show the density, every time step, from /scratch/gpfs/bclyons/C1\_11735 on stellar.
- Overlaid is the poloidal velocity.
- There is a line of pellets that start near the separatrix and then go outward toward the wall.
- You can see that a divergent flow develops inside the separatrix, which makes sense.
- Outside the separatrix though, the flow converges to the pellet location. This causes a build up of density and eventually a numerical instability.
- The temperature is low in the SOL, so there's not a lot of pressure to repel the flow. I don't know why the flow is forming in the first place though. Any thoughts?

Brendan Lyons 5/6/21

# **2D ITER SPI Modeling (cont)**

den ~ 120 kprad\_totden !!
Can we plot individual kprad\_n(i)?

Area plotted: 7.7 < R < 8.7

Z = 0.8 on right





# That's All I have

Anything Else ?

# That's All I have

Anything Else ?

# That's All I have

Anything Else ?

#### M3D-C1 modeling of pellet ELM triggering in low-collisionality discharges

- Preprint by A. Wingen (ORNL), Linear and non-linear simulations
- Linear simulation with ipellet=1 perturbs only the density profile. Large enough perturbation excites an unstable mode
- Q: How does a density perturbation excite a MHD mode?



Density perturbation causes decreased Te at one location on flux surface. Thermal conduction during linear phase causes pressure to increase there. Gives an unstable mode for ntor=9 only if kappar .ne. 0

# Interfacing M3D-C1 and LPC

- Zoom meeting was held 04/08/21 with Roman Samulyak and students
- Presentation posted on m3dc1.pppl.gov
- Small differences between m3dc1 pellet model and LPC local model
- Brendan to see what data is available for single neon pellet ablation test
- Daisuke Shiraki will address this in a special call set for Tuesday at 2:00
   ET. Lyons, Samulyak, Jardin, ..... (assuming Samulyak availability)



#### Approach to nonlinear MHD simulations in stellarator geometry

• Yao Zhou has an excellent preprint he plans to submit to Nuclear Fusion

# Self-consistent simulation of resistive kink instabilities with runaway electrons

• Chang Liu, et al manuscript submitted to Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion 04/21/2021

# Effect of Avalanche term on DIII-D 177053



**Drecier and Avalanche** 

Chen Zhao

# Next Steps

- Chen Zhao should consider writing a paper on the incorporation of the runaway source term in M3D-C1 and include the DIII-D result
- NIMROD is interested in doing a benchmark of the runaway source calculations. I gave them Chen's equilibrium and results. This could be included in paper if done sufficiently fast.
- I asked Carlos Paz-Soldan to help us identify a series of DIII-D shots where runaways are generated and there are good diagnostics. Still waiting to hear. (he did indicate that he's working on it)
- We had a zoom call with the JOREK group this morning. They will also check with ASDEX-U to see if there is a series of experiments that we could model

# Effect of resistive wall on the thermal quench

- Hank Strauss requested an EFIT equilibrium for shot 154576 at 3312ms, just before it disrupts
- This was studied in the paper: R. Sweeney, et al, "Relationship between locked modes and thermal quenches in DIII-D"
- Focus of paper is that sometimes overlapping locked modes just flatten the temperature around the q=2 surface (q=3/2 to edge) whereas sometimes they also cause a collapse of the core temperature
- NIMROD simulations were initialized with islands of the size and phase of the experiment: 3/2, 2/1, 3/1, and 4/1
- In the simulation, the 2/1 island decays in time, unlike in the experiment. Also, the experiment shows a wider region of Te collapse. Can M3DC1 improve on this?

#### **Current coupling scheme of fishbone simulation in M3D-C1**

• Chang Liu to present

# **ITER disruption with more resistive vessel**



- Increased all vessel resistivities by 100
- Growth rate went from .025 ms<sup>-1</sup> to 2.0 ms<sup>-1</sup>
- New case greatly slows down after contact with wall is made

# **Carbon Mitigation in NSTX-U (shell pellet)**

Radiation

t = 0.73 ms



Shell carbon pellet in NSTX (now running)



This run is essentially done and can be incorporated into Cesar's paper

**Cesar Clauser** 

# Helical Band to remove runaway electrons

- Brendan Lyons performed a calculation last year with a conducting helical band that did not show large helical currents
- Want to try and reproduce, first in circular cylindrical geometry.



Circular cylindrical geometry. Conductor in region b < r < c



3D helical band of good conductivity at  $|\Theta - \phi| < \delta$ 

#1. Will a purely toroidal voltage from the plasma current decaying drive a helical current in this geometry?  $\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = 0 \implies \mathbf{E} = -\nabla \Phi + \frac{V_L}{2\pi} \nabla \phi$ 

 $\mathbf{J} = \sigma \mathbf{E}$ 

What is driving the current in the  $\theta$  direction? It can't be  $\Phi$  unless

$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \sigma^{-1} J_{\theta} d\theta = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\Phi}{d\theta} d\theta = 0$$

# **Comparison between Straight and helical band**









φ = 090°



 $\Phi_{\phi}$ 







# Helical resistive band to suppress runaways



• I have asked Matthias Hoelzl if he could try and reproduce this with the STARWALL code. He seems interested

### **Some Convergence Tests**



- Wall current appears to be converged in # of planes
- Helical wall current tending towards zero for large values of insulator resistance
- Now testing dependence on boundary conditions (location of ideal wall)
- Helical (1,2) case gives less than half the current of helical (1,1) case
- Iconst\_bz=0 increases current, but still far below straight case

# Plots for iconst\_bz=0



$$\nabla_{\perp} \bullet \frac{1}{R^2} \nabla \Phi = \nabla_{\perp} \cdot \eta \left[ -\frac{1}{R^2} \nabla F \times \nabla \varphi - \frac{1}{R^2} \nabla f'' \times \nabla \varphi - \frac{1}{R^4} \nabla_{\perp} \psi' \right]$$

# Local Systems

- PPPL centos7(02/22/21)
  - 6 regression tests PASSED on centos7:
- PPPL greene (02/15/21)
  - 4 regression tests PASSED
  - RMP\_nonlin timed out (but gave correct results)
  - No batch file found for pellet
- EDDY (2/15/21)
  - 6 regression tests PASSED
- TRAVERSE(1/4/21)
  - Code compiles
  - Regression test failed: split\_smb not found in PATH
  - Have not yet tried shipping .smb files from another machine

# 2D (cylindrical) RE with sources (12/19/2020)



Chen Zhao

#### Energy in base case 36742317 (solid) and 16 plane case 37248033 (dashed)





Chen Zhao

#### Same calculation in a Cylinder

# M3D-C1 runaway generation with cylinder geometry



Parameters: β<sub>0</sub> = 0.15

 $\begin{array}{l} a = 0.65m \\ R = 1.7m \\ B_0 = 1.9T \\ \eta = 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \\ n_0 = 1.0 \times 10^{20} m^{-3} \\ c = 150 v_A \\ N_{elements} = 12261 \\ \Delta t = 1.0 \tau_A \end{array}$ 

- The plasma current was equal with plasma current by the runaway current at about 12ms.
- The radial profile of runaway current profile are exactly same when the plasma current equal to runaway current.

# **Progress on other shots?**

• M3D-C1/NIMROD 3D Benchmark

NSTX shot 1224020 – Fast ion transport with coupled kink and tearing modes Chang Liu

DIII-D Neon pellet mitigation simulation for KORC

• Brendan Lyons trying to extend 8 plane case to 32 planes

SPARK ? Do we need to do anything?









#### NSTX shot 1224020 – Fast ion transport with coupled kink and tearing modes Chang Liu



- In the original geqdsk file, the equilibrium was poorly converged. New one is much better. Has q(0) = 1.3
- Chang has analyzed new equilibrium (left)
- No ideal (1,1) mode, several tearing modes
- If goal is to get unstable (1,1) mode, likely need to lower q(0)
- Adding sheared toroidal rotation should help stabilize resistive modes.

# Grad-B drift in M3D-C1—HF side

Request to calculate grad-B drift in M3D-C1 and to compare with that being put into

the LP Code

- (a) Density source in1F toroidalequilibrium
- (b) Change in density after  $10^3 \tau_A$
- (c) Poloidal velocity stream function

(d) Toroidal velocity contours





# **Grad-B drift in M3D-C1– LF source**

Request to calculate grad-B drift in M3D-C1 and to compare with that being put intothe LP Codeσ

- (a) Density source in 1F toroidal equilibrium
- (b) Change in density after 10<sup>3</sup>  $\tau_{\text{A}}$
- (c) Poloidal velocity stream function
- (d) Toroidal velocity contours





# Grad-B drift in M3D-C1—2F effects

- (a) 2F density change after  $10^3 \tau_A$  for LF side source
- (b) Difference in 1F and 2F density (LF)
- (c) 2Fdensity change after  $10^3 \tau_A$  for HF side source
- (d) Differencein 1F and 2F density (HF)





# Sawtoothing discharge with runaway electrons



Profiles of nre, jy, and E\_par after 30 timesteps

Original: /p/tsc/m3dnl/Isabel/Chen2D Mod: /p/tsc/m3dnl/Isabel/Chen2D-mod1

Changed: mesh size "regular" "integration points" ipres=1 cre pedge viscosity denm equilibrium density

# **Longer times develops oscillations**



- Short wavelength oscillations occur first in nre and then in other quantities (jy, e\_par)
- Could we add some smoothing?